

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 3, 1882.

Office on Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between Fourth and a-half and Sixth streets.

## NATIONAL WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
**GENERAL WINFIELD SCOTT,**  
OF NEW JERSEY.FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
**WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,**  
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

"I HAVE SERVED THE UNION FOR FORTY-ODD YEARS, AND FEEL MYSELF A CITIZEN OF EVERY PART OF IT; AND WHATEVER OF LIFE AND STRENGTH I MAY HAVE SHALL BE DEVOTED TO ITS PRESERVATION."—Gen. Winfield Scott's Castle Garden Speech.

## Attention, Whigs!

Grand Whig Rally!—The Whigs of the Sixth Ward (Navy Yard) will dedicate their Scott and Graham Pole and Union Platform on Tuesday night, the 2d of August, at 8 o'clock, by a grand procession and a magnificent display of fireworks! Speeches will be made by some of the most distinguished men of the day.

Brother Whigs of the several Wards are invited to attend. By order: S. A. H. McKim, Sec'y. WASHINGTON, July 27. (Rep. & Intel.)

**Whigs of the City!**—Take notice that the WASHINGTON WHIG CLUB have determined to attend the Grand Rally of our brother Whigs of the Navy Yard on Tuesday night, the 2d of August. The Whigs of the city are requested to unite in the procession which will move from the City Hall at 7½ o'clock on that evening. Speeches, music, transparencies, pyrotechnic displays, &c., will all be provided, and a good, hearty, old-fashioned Whig gathering is expected.

By order: THOMAS C. CONNOLLY, Marshal. July 29—td

## See our telegraphic head for interesting news from Europe, received by the Hermann, which arrived at New York this morning.

## Mechanics' Institute.

We understand that there is a plan on foot to establish in our city one of those useful associations, so common at the North and East, known as *Mechanics' Institutes*. Some hundreds of our best citizens, principally mechanics, manufacturers, &c., have, as we are informed, signified their approval of the design, and it is proposed to call a public meeting at an early day for the purpose of considering a plan of organization. For this purpose the hall of the Smithsonian Institution has been placed at the disposal of the gentlemen who have interested themselves in the matter.

We are glad to hear of this movement, because we believe that it is much needed here, and that no place in the country offers greater advantages for the establishment of a useful institution of the kind. We have no public library available for the use of the masses; we have no reading-rooms adapted to the wants of the manufacturing and mechanical classes; we offer no inducements to our apprentices, and the youth of the city generally, to enter upon a course of self-improvement to prepare them for the intelligent and useful exercise of their callings.

We have no centre of union among our industrial classes—no institution calculated to place them in their proper position, to put them on a footing with their brethren of other cities. Boston has its *Institute*; the *American Institute* of New York is known throughout the country and the world; so also is the *Franklin Institute* of Philadelphia; our sister city, Baltimore, may well be proud of the noble edifice of the *Maryland Institute*, and of the noble objects it is so successfully carrying out. And we might mention Charleston, Cincinnati, and a hundred other places where the interests of the working classes are cared for by these excellent establishments. Why should the metropolis of the country be the only place without such an agency?

There are many reasons why we should make an effort to establish one. As the capital of the nation, this city is the centre to which all intelligence naturally flows; all portions of the country are necessarily in constant communication with us; the public works and private improvements constantly going on bring here a large number of intelligent mechanics; the city is growing with unexampled rapidity; the spirit of progress is rife among us; and, as the magnificent plan begins to develop itself under the hand of enterprise, we begin to feel the first dawnings of city pride. The inventors of the country are in communication with us also; they come or send here to secure their rights in the productions of their genius. The condition and relations of our city, then, are exceedingly favorable to the establishment of a Mechanics' Institute.

What are the features of such an institution? From all we can gather from the publications that have been made on the subject, the promoters of the plan propose to make it eminently popular—embracing all who may be disposed to give it their support. With this end, the subscription is to be made very low—not more, we believe, than two dollars per annum. It is proposed to establish a library and reading-room; a course of public lectures on subjects connected with the arts; a school of design, in which drawing shall be thoroughly taught; a school of chemistry and physics; and, finally, an exhibition, at stated periods, of the industrial products of the whole country.

One feature which it is proposed to introduce should commend the undertaking to the parents and employers of the city—it is the admission of minors to all the privileges of membership except voting and holding office. The schools would of course be chiefly for their benefit, though adults would not be excluded. To the school of design girls might with propriety and advantage be admitted. Such is the case in Europe and in the Philadelphia school.

And now, we ask, does not this project commend itself to the approbation of every good citizen? If it does, let us see a united effort to realize the plan. Let all who favor it come to the meeting, and, we may add, any who are opposed to it, and let there be a full and free discussion. We feel convinced there is public spirit enough among the people of our city to carry out such a design in a manner worthy of it and of the city.

## Capt. Marcy and his Command Safe!

The painful rumor of the massacre of Capt. Marcy and his command in the Western wilderness turns out to have been incorrect, as we learn from a telegraphic despatch from Louisville, based on the authority of an extra from the office of the "Whig," published at Little Rock, Arkansas. This extra mentions the arrival of an express at Fort Smith on the 25th ult. from Fort Arbuckle, bringing the welcome news that Capt. Marcy and his party were all alive.

## Congress Today.

SENATE.—After petitions and reports. The CHAIR presented a message from the President, in answer to Mr. Mason's resolution calling for information respecting the fisheries, and transmitting a report from the acting Secretary of State. The President states that the Mississippi steamer, under the command of Commodore Perry, has been ordered to the scene of difficulty, with orders to protect the American fishermen.

Mr. Cass moved the reference of the message, and addressed the Senate, showing the claim set up by Great Britain to be unfounded, and that it ought to be resisted at all hazards.

Mr. Davis followed on the same side.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Mr. McLanahan, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the new fee bill for the regulation of charges in the circuit and district courts of the United States.

The House passed a resolution to terminate the general debate on the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill in one hour after the same shall be taken up in committee.

The House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on that subject, when Mr. J. W. Howe made a speech against the fugitive slave law.

**The New Hampshire Religious Test.** The Union asserts that it is a "well-known fact" that the Federal or Whig party put the Catholic "disability clause into the constitution of New Hampshire; and also the further fact that the same party, though a minority, has kept it there, against the strenuous efforts to repeal it of such Democrats as Gen. Pierce and Judge Woodbury.

—its repeal requiring a two-thirds popular vote, which the Democratic party in the State has "never reached."

This is mendacious impudence such as could only be exhibited by a writer who presumes on the supposed ignorance of the American people.

That the Federal party and the Whig party are one, is asserted by no man who has a proper regard for his own character for candor and fair-dealing; and that the Whig party has continued the odious clause, is flatly contradicted by the recorded vote of New Hampshire. Let any reader carefully examine the following table, and answer whether, in the late attempt to repeal the clause in question, the Whigs have not sustained their fame as the real friends of religious freedom:

Democratic Towns.		Whig Towns.	
Barnstable.....	350	Merrimack.....	120
Centerville.....	19	Nashua.....	647
Clinton.....	61	Nashua.....	255
Englehard.....	1	New Ipswich.....	94
Essex.....	12	Dublin.....	91
Farborough.....	42	Fitchburg.....	94
Walden.....	1	Jeffrey.....	74
Wolborough.....	11	Kennebec.....	233
Bellevue.....	26	Marblehead.....	81
Chichester.....	11	Proctor.....	61
Warner.....	36	Winchester.....	203
Winnon.....	43	Clarendon.....	245
Alexandria.....	12	Littleton.....	160
Ellsworth.....	1	Lyme.....	58
Hill.....	11	Lyme.....	58

In the Whig towns the vote to repeal was nearly five to one; in the Democratic towns the vote against the repeal was nearly nine to one; and thus the anti-republican, unjust, oppressive prohibition was continued, and now exists! Yet, in view of these indisputable facts, the metropolitan organ of the Democratic party makes such assertions as we have quoted above.

## General Pierce on Slavery.

A correspondent wishes to remonstrate through our columns with those Whigs "who oppose Gen. Pierce on account of his anti-slavery views," and asks if he is not entitled to entertain his honest convictions on any subject, without offence to the constitution of his country.

We think the publication of the article sent us would do no good, and therefore withhold it; but we will cheerfully reply to the writer that we do not understand the objections urged against Gen. Pierce to be based upon either his pro or anti-slavery opinions, but upon the well-attested fact of his duplicity. He stands before the nation as avowed "Northern man with Southern principles," while he is seeking popularity in New Hampshire by assuring his neighbors that he loathes slavery, regards it as a moral evil, cannot look upon a slave, &c. This is dissimulation, and dissimulation is treachery! The man who will play the traitor to become President is not likely to keep good faith afterward. We would not trust him.

## Clemency.

Pardon has been granted to Kate Virginia Poole, who was sentenced to the State prison of Massachusetts, we believe, for life, for killing her infant child by throwing it from the window of a railroad car, probably in a fit of insanity brought on by excessive grief and ill usage.

Has the father of that child been pardoned also? He ruined Kate's reputation—left her without means of support, disgraced and friendless—he caused her to go mad, and to destroy her innocent offspring. Does he need no pardon? We suppose not. He is probably a gentleman, caressed and courted by good men and virtuous women! Poor Kate is the guilty wretch!

## Bedford Springs.

We see it stated that the Bedford Springs have been purchased by a company of gentlemen, part of them belonging to Pittsburg, and among them Governor William F. Johnston. The sum of \$100,000 is to be paid by the company. We trust that extensive improvements may be made at the springs, and a good road promptly constructed, by which they may be reached from the line of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. It is rather a fatiguing business for invalids at present.

## Progress of the Maniacs.

The following little item of commercial intelligence is clipped from a New York paper: "Dealers in brandy advanced their prices 10 per cent. on Friday in consequence of the unfavorable news of the vintage in France. Large importations of liquor have been made from Boston within a few days, its sale being prohibited there."

This incidental statement speaks well for the influence of the much-abused Maine law—a law that will bless and be blessed throughout the American Union ere many years shall pass away!

## Interesting to the Owners of Dogs.

By a decision of one of the French courts, the owner of a dog, who, in an attack of hydrophobia, had bitten and caused the death of another party, in consequence of a neglect of the established police regulations, was mulcted in damages to the amount of 20,000 francs, payable to the wife and children of the deceased.—*Exch.*

This is unquestionably a righteous decision, and we commend it to the consideration of the legal tribunals of this country.

## The Rally To-Night!

Let this be borne in mind, and the elements permitting, let us have a good turn-out and an earnest rally. Addresses will be delivered by prominent and able speakers.

## A Stammer.

The Knoxville Register says: The Richmond Enquirer, to prove Gen. Scott's unfitness for the Presidency, says "he has a hasty, arbitrary temper—an imperious self-will, impatient of all opposition, overweening confidence in his own judgment, and inordinate ambition." And yet Democratic papers assert that he is controlled by Seward. The Enquirer has effectively blown up this charge.

Dr. BAYNE'S GREAT PANORAMA still attracts attention and acquires higher reputation. It is praised both for accuracy and beauty—for the pleasure as well as the information which it imparts. It will close in Washington in a few days. Our friends at a distance should not neglect to pay it a visit, or they will lose a treat. It will be exhibited to-morrow at 4 and 8 p. m.

Dr. Isaac Parrish died at Philadelphia on Saturday last. He was an eminent physician, and in the zenith of life and usefulness. He was worthy of his noble father, who was an ornament of his profession and of the family of man. The eldest son of Dr. Isaac Parrish also died on Friday last.

**Adjournment of Congress.** The House of Representatives yesterday concurred in the Senate's amendment of the joint resolution for adjournment, and the session will be brought to a close on the 31st day of August.

**To Correspondents.** It is impossible for us to preserve the many articles we decline publishing, and we never attempt it.

A Scott and Graham barbecue is soon to be got up at Mobile. The Advertiser speaks encouragingly of the prospects there.

A controversy is going on between the Roman Catholic journals as to whether tallow candles may be allowed instead of wax in the church ritual. A writer in the last Freeman's Journal holds that the poverty of a church may justify it in using tallow candles, provided a few wax ones be used with them, though he doubts whether the tallow ones receive any part of the blessing bestowed on them altogether. Of course we take no part in so purely ecclesiastical a discussion, but it reminds us that a few years since we saw gas-pipes and burners putting up in the noble old Cathedral at Cologne. We do not know, however, that they were intended to serve in the illumination of the altar.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Cyrus, the great king of Persia, when a boy, being at the court of his grandfather Astyages, engaged to perform the office of cup-bearer at a table. The duty of this office required him to taste the liquor, before presenting it to the king; and, without performing this duty, Cyrus delivered the cup to his grandfather, who observed the omission, which he imputed to forgetfulness. "No," said Cyrus, "I purposely avoided it, because I feared it contained poison; for, lately, at an entertainment, I observed that the lords of your court, after drinking it, became noisy, quarrelsome, and frantic."

It was so natural for Dr. Watts to speak in rhyme, that even at the very time he wished to avoid it he could not. His father was displeased at this propensity, and threatened to whip him, if he did not leave off making verses. One day, when he was about to put his threat in execution, the child burst into tears, and, on his knees, said: "Pray, father, do some pity take, And I will no more verses make."

**BRIDGE DESTROYED.**—The Sunbury (Pa.) American states that a portion of the Northumberland bridge, connecting Sunbury with the island, was swept from its foundation by a tornado on Thursday last, and is now a complete wreck. Mr. Krum, who resides on the Grant farm at the eastern end of the bridge, had just driven off with a four horse team, and by the time he reached his barn, about 20 yards distant, he saw the whole structure raised up and hurled into the river.

Whilst Thucydides was yet a boy, he heard Herodotus recite his histories, at the Olympic games, and is said to have wept exceedingly. The "Father of Historians," observing how much the boy was moved, congratulated his father on having a child of such promise, and advised him to spare no pains in his education. Thucydides became one of the best historians of Greece.

The town of Warrenton, Va., has a population of 1,233. Whites, 669; slaves, 482; free blacks, 82.

New York sends \$15,000 to Montreal.

## Affairs in Georgetown.

Georgetown, August 3—12 m.

That most beautiful of all spots, Oak Hill Cemetery, continues rapidly to increase in interest, and is becoming more and more every day a place of resort by the citizens of Washington and Georgetown, and strangers visiting the District. Since our last notice of it, many monuments, beautiful both in execution and design, have been erected within it by the hands of affection, and many of the lots have been decorated with good style with choice flowers, evergreens, &c. One of the most attractive and touching objects to the visitor is five beautiful white marble scrolls which have been recently erected by Cornelius and M. C. Barbour to perpetuate the memory of five interesting children, all of whom died in one year, and four of them in a single month. Too much praise cannot be awarded to Captain De la Roche, the engineer, and Mr. Blundon, the superintendent, for the faithful manner in which they have carried out the designs of its benevolent founder, W. W. Corcoran, esq.

In addition to the many excellent institutions of learning with which our town already abounds, we are soon to be blessed with another boarding school for young ladies, under the direction of Mrs. Gen. Wheeler, formerly of Maryland—a lady in every respect qualified for such an arduous undertaking. Our cotton factory is not (as has been reported in certain quarters) nor has not been in full blast for nearly two months. The breaking of the main shaft, together with the necessity of an entirely new water-wheel, has caused this prolonged suspension. We are informed by the foreman that it will commence operations again the last of the present week. This our citizens will be glad to hear, as this establishment, when in operation, gives regular employment to about one hundred operatives, male and female.

At a meeting of the members of the M. E. Church, held last night, it was resolved to attend the camp meeting which is to be held in Fairfax county, Virginia. It is understood that a large company are going.

Much dissatisfaction exists among the people of Virginia at the tardy manner in which the two cities, Washington and Georgetown, and Congress, have acted in relation to the long-talked-of and much-needed bridge over the Potomac. The difficulties in reaching our markets by the present ferries, besides the considerable expense for tolls, are very annoying.

The flour market remains at our last report—\$4.41.24. No change in wheat. Sales yesterday of 2,000 bushels yellow corn at 57c, and of 3,000 do. do, to go to Alexandria, at 58c.

ELECTRO.

## The Waynesburg Outrage.

The following article was copied into our paper on the 17th of July:

(From the Waynesburg (Pa.) Whig, July 13.)

**OUTRAGE AND DESECRATION!**—On Sunday morning, the 4th day of July, the feelings of many of our citizens were much shocked at seeing a flag with a black cross, and the names of Scott and Graham inscribed thereon, floating from the cross placed on the top of the *Catholic Chapel*. The following cut is a fair representative of this beautiful specimen of locofoco art:



This flag was erected on Saturday night on the cross on the church, as before stated, by some locofoco gentlemen of our town, for the purpose of ridiculing Gen. Scott, and casting odium upon the Roman Catholic religion. Although the design was such as could only emanate from a black malignant heart, it will yet fail of effecting its purpose; it can neither injure Gen. Scott nor disgrace the Roman Catholic Church in the slightest degree, but will recoil with sore vengeance upon the perpetrators.

We have to-day seen a letter from Waynesburg, written by an intelligent and respectable gentleman of that place, who informs us that a Democratic Honorable M. C., and others, have written to certain Democrats in that town, assuring them that the publication of the above article is doing them serious harm, and beseeching that a certified contradiction of its statement may be promptly furnished them! We are also informed that an effort is being made by one or more persons there to get up such a certificate. As soon as it is published, we are authorized to say, the proofs of the disgraceful transaction shall appear, together with THE NAMES OF THE RESPECTABLE PERSONS BY WHOM THE OUTRAGE WAS PERPETRATED.

To outrage the feelings of the members of the Roman Catholic Church, and to make Scott and Graham odious to all good, hearty opponents of that church, were the objects of these RESPECTABLE DEMOCRATIC GENTLEMEN. They will be held to their task.

C. F. Adams, the actor, has left the stage and enlisted as a soldier among the "regular" defenders of our country's honor, at Newport, Ky. So says the Cincinnati Gazette.

## NOTICE.

THE Travelling Public are informed that there will be an Omnibus at the Depot upon the arrival of the cars from the main line from Baltimore, to convey passengers to the splendid steamer of W. P. CURTIS, which will leave Captain Page's wharf, off 7th street, at 7 o'clock, to connect with the Orange and Manassas Gap Railroad, for Lee's White Sulphur Springs and Warrenton.

ang 3—td

## NOTICE—COPARTNERSHIP.

I have this day associated with me in business Mr. JAMES W. DAVIS. The manufacture and sale of Hats, Caps, and Furs, will be continued at the old stand under the firm of J. W. DAVIS.

ang 3—td

## YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

A Boarding and Day Seminary for Young Ladies will be opened on Wednesday, September 1st, on Prospect street, between D and E streets, in the city of Washington. The location is in a desirable and airy part of the town, and the patronage of the citizens is respectfully solicited. The school will be under the supervision of Misses M. C. Barbour and M. C. Barbour, who have been teaching for five months each; the first commencing the 1st of September, the second the 1st of February. Pupils will be received at any time, and charged in proportion to the time of the session. For terms, application can be made to the Principal, Georgetown, D. C. Reference can be made to—Rev. Mr. Tillamuth, Georgetown; Rev. Mr. Caldwell, do; Rev. Mr. Lupton, Washington; Rev. Mr. Cox, do; Dr. M. L. Litchman, do; Rev. Mr. Lupton, Washington; Hon. R. J. Bowie, M. C.; C. W. Pairo, esq., Banker, Washington.

ang 3—td

## HEAR YE! HEAR YE! HEAR YE!

READ AND BE WISE.

THE celebrated German and Italian Physicians—Doctors Brothers & Gray—have established a permanent Medical Office in this city, after having travelled the world over in search of knowledge, and having spent seven years among the Indians for the purpose of getting a thorough knowledge of botany, they flatter themselves qualified to alleviate and cure all complaints to which the human family is subject. We feel ourselves that, without adding a question, we will tell all who favor us with a call, our complaints and symptoms, and guarantee an easy and a decided advantage to those who consult us. Medical men in the manner we determine the nature and location of the disease, which is by the urine. We require at least two courses of the first in the morning. The many facilities afforded us by hospital and private practice in this and foreign countries, warrant us in assuring those who are suffering from private diseases that our treatment is attended with uniformly favorable results. Therefore, let no false modesty deter you from making your case known to one who will befriend you. All diseases of the genital organs, whether of long standing, such as gonorrhea, syphilis, glandular, stricture, urinary affections, ulcers upon the body, or in the throat and nose, we treat with that success which few Physicians in the world are capable of. Those who apply in the early stages of the disease are surprised at the little inconvenience and rapidity attending their cure, and those who have suffered from quacks and medical impostors will be warranted a permanent cure without mercury.

ang 2—td

## NEW STORE.

HAVING again commenced business, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to his stock of Family Groceries, Fine Wines, Brandies, &c., now received from the New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore markets, and purchased by himself with great care and personal attention, viz: Sugar—Choice brown, loaf, crushed, ground, and refined. Coffee—Old Mocha and Government Java, Angostura, Rhio, vanilla, and ground. Tea—Very superior Gunpowder, Young and Old Hyson, from medium to finest choic; Black, Pouchong, and Oolong, very choice quality, loose and in paper. Wines—Very superior old Brandy, Madeira, extra Family Madeira, pale and brown Sherry, Old Regent's Scotch Whisky, and Burgundy Port, on draught and bottled. Champagne—Celebrated Hildesheim brand. Claret—St. Julien, Lervore, and Lalande brands. Brandies—Bark Rustan, Pinet & Co's Old Pale, (vin. 45) on draught and in bottles. Whiskies—Old Glenlivet, Old Scotch, and Old Irish. Cordons—Perfect Love, Rose, Cherry, Cognac, Peppermint, and St. Cruz. Candies—Rum and Holland Gin, on draught and in bottles. Sausages—Port Wine, and various other delicacies. Macaroni—Rome and St. Mary, very fine. Lard—Sugar-cured Hams, choice quality. Shoulders and Sides. Bacon—1 lb. in barrels. Flour—Family, of the celebrated Welch brand, in barrels and sacks. Candles—Sperm, Adamantine, and Tallow. Soap—English Family, very choice. Salt—Fine and ground Alum, in sacks, ground dry and in paper. Spices—Pepper and Pimento, ground and in grains, (pure.) Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, &c. Sausages—Scented and plain, of great variety, for charring or washing. Oils—Sperm, Lard, and refined Whale. Candles—Sperm, Adamantine, and Tallow. Goods I am now selling at cost, and, in some instances, less than cost! By giving me a call you will find my Goods as cheap, or cheaper, than any other store.

ang 2—td

## Carusi's Saloon!

THE GLASS-BLOWERS, by request of many families, who, from the inclemency of the weather during the past week, were prevented from witnessing this interesting exhibition, have consented to remain a few days longer at Carusi's Saloon, commencing this evening, August 2d. Admission 25 cents, each ticket entitling the bearer to a glass of beer. Hours of exhibition from 2 to 6 p. m., and from 8 till 10 p. m. (Of the late firm of Morsell & Wilson.) No. 3, new building, Louisiana avenue, opposite Park of Washington.

ang 2—td

**AMBER TUCK COMBS, JEWELRY, &c.** An assortment of the most beautiful and valuable jewelry, diamonds, pearls, and precious stones, at the lowest prices. MRS. COLLINGSBURY, Sixth street, (lat. News.)

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**WANTED!** A stout Colored Boy, about sixteen years of age. Apply at this office.

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## SELTZER WATER.

J. H. B. RUTIMANN, Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between 4th and 5th streets, has received from "Selzer Water." Also, a supply of Bordeaux Wines, in cases and bottles, London Brown Stout in pints, and Superior Port Wine.

## ACADEMY OF THE VISITATION.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1882.

THE exercises of this institution will recommence on the first Monday of September.

TERMS FOR BOARDERS.

Board and Tuition, per annum.....\$100  
Washing, Mending, and other Extras.....30  
Music on the Piano, Harp, or Guitar, from an additional charge; also, lessons in the French, Spanish, German, and Latin Languages. Drawing and Painting are likewise extra charges. Entrance fee \$5. Boarders pay the current charges semi-annually in advance.  
Pupils are received at any time during the year, and the charge is estimated from the date of their entrance.  
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## DRAWN NUMBERS OF THE DELAWARE STATE LOTTERY.

Class 50, drawn at Wilmington, Delaware, July 31, 1882.

39 71 18 3 16 72 43 51 65 50 8 31 56

GREGORY & MAURY, Managers,  
Successors to J. W. MAURY & CO.

On Saturday, August 7, 1882,  
STATE OF DELAWARE LOTTERY, Class 50.  
Will be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

\$40,000—40 prizes of \$2,000 are \$80,000!

1 prize of.....\$40,000 40 prizes of.....\$200

1 prize of.....12,000 40 prizes of.....250

1 prize of.....6,000 100 prizes of.....100

40 prizes of.....2,000 40 prizes of.....100

Tickets \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$2.50.

On Saturday, August 14, 1882,  
STATE OF DELAWARE LOTTERY, Class 52.  
Will be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware.

GRAND SCHEME.

\$50,000—\$25,000—10 prizes of 3,000 are 30,000!

1 prize of.....\$50,000 1 prize of.....\$3,000

1 prize of.....25,000 10 prizes of.....3,000

1 prize of.....10,000 30 prizes of.....500

1 prize of.....5,000 200 prizes of.....200

Tickets \$15—Halves \$7.50—Quarters \$3.75—Eighths \$1.875.

Address E. E. O'BRIEN, Agent,  
August 2—td

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

NOTICE is hereby given that I will be responsible for no debts contracted in my name by any person whatsoever, without the exhibition of my signature to the contrary.

ang 2—td